

Solution 1.4

①

(a)

$$f(x) = 0$$

$$|x\rangle \longrightarrow |x\rangle$$

$$|y\rangle \longrightarrow |y\rangle = |y \oplus 0\rangle$$

$$f(x) = 1$$

$$|x\rangle \longrightarrow |x\rangle$$

$$|y\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{X}} |\bar{y}\rangle = |y \oplus 1\rangle$$

$$f(x) = x$$

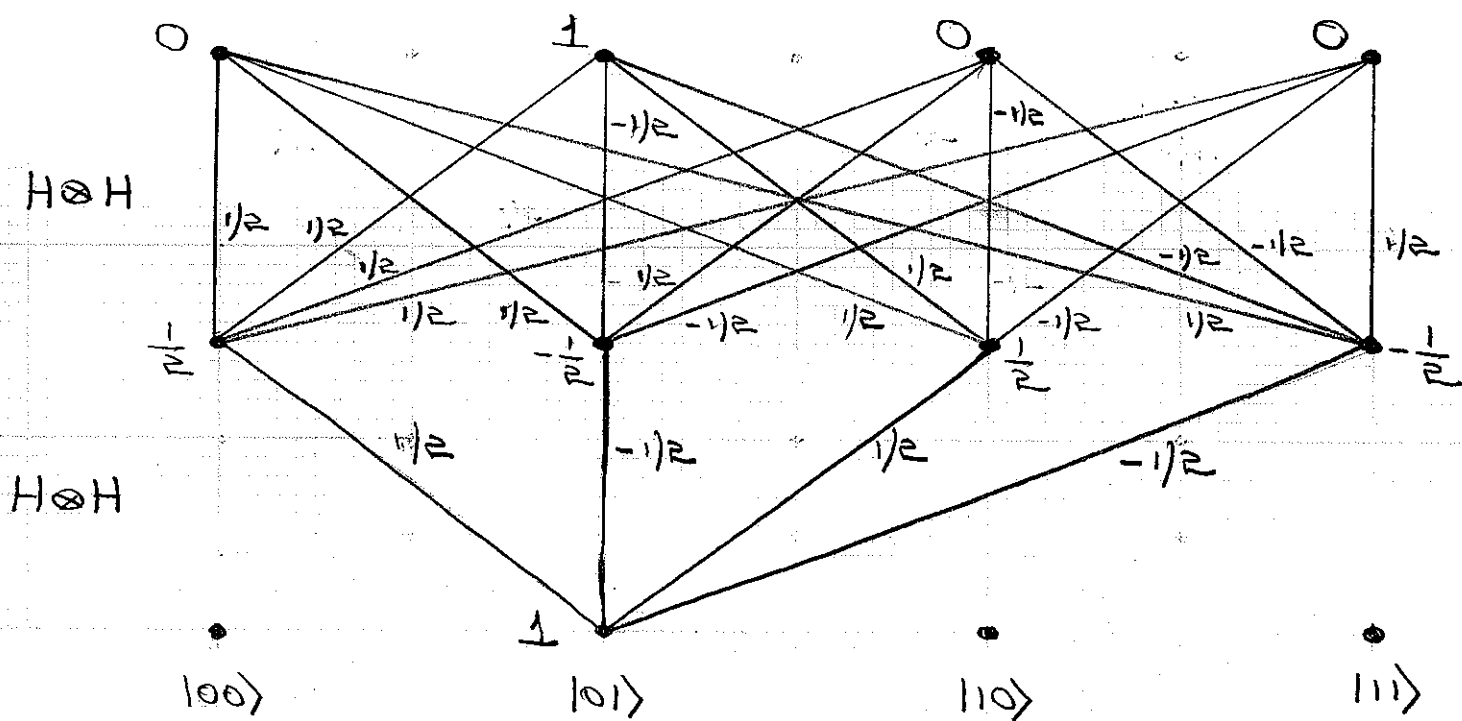
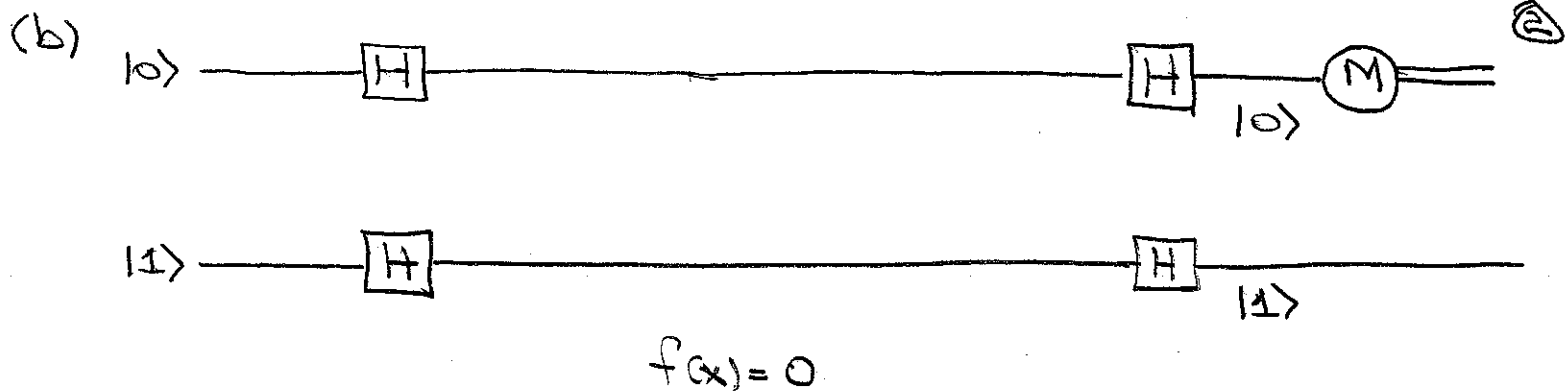
$$|x\rangle \longrightarrow |x\rangle$$

$$|y\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{CNOT}} |y \oplus x\rangle$$

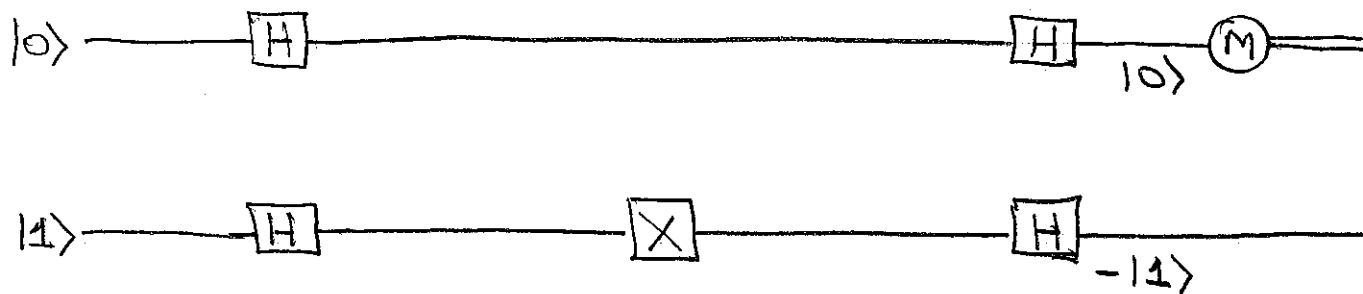
$$f(x) = \bar{x} = 1 \oplus x$$

$$|x\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{X}} |x\rangle$$

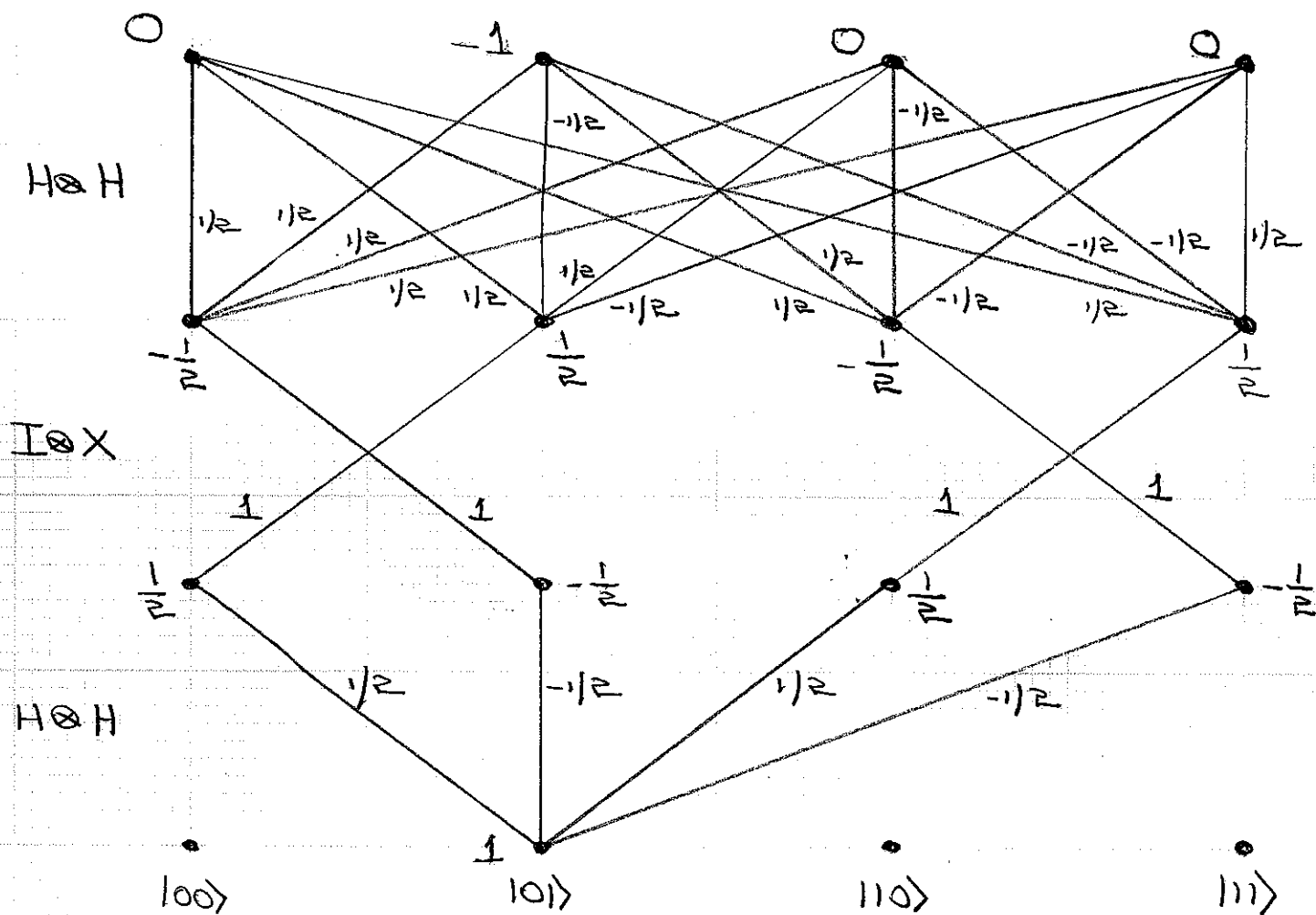
$$|y\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{CNOT}} |y \oplus \bar{x}\rangle$$

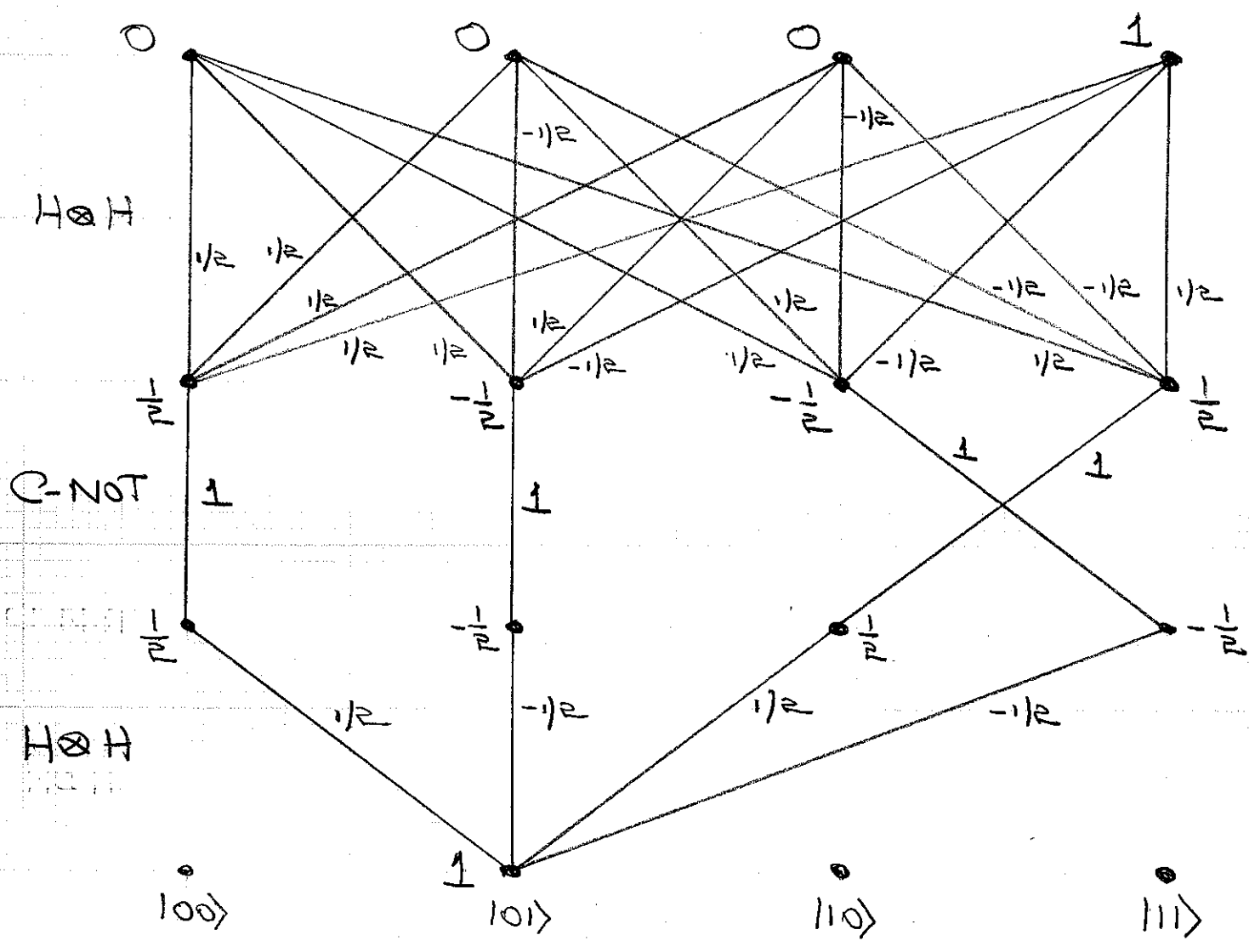
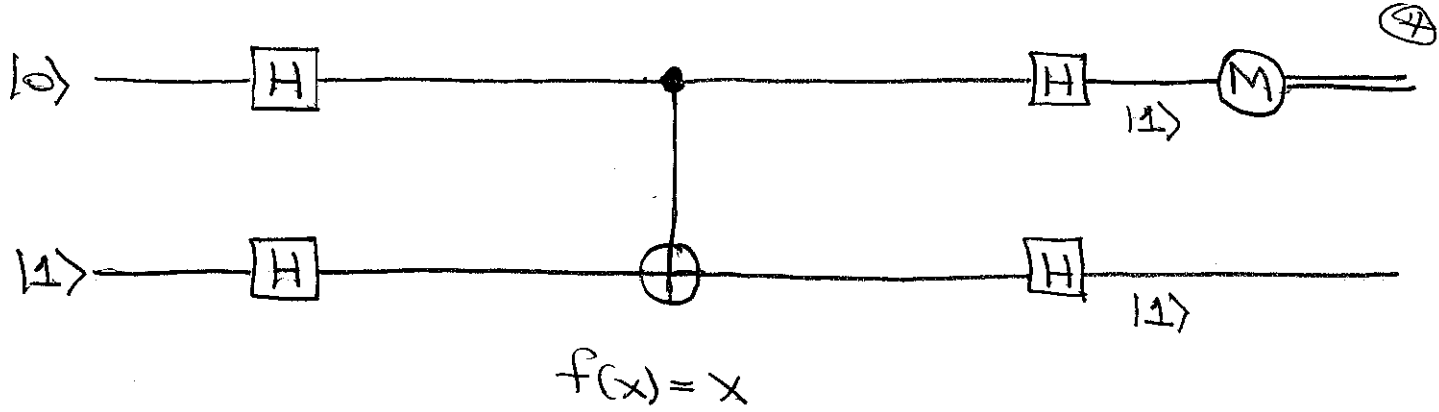


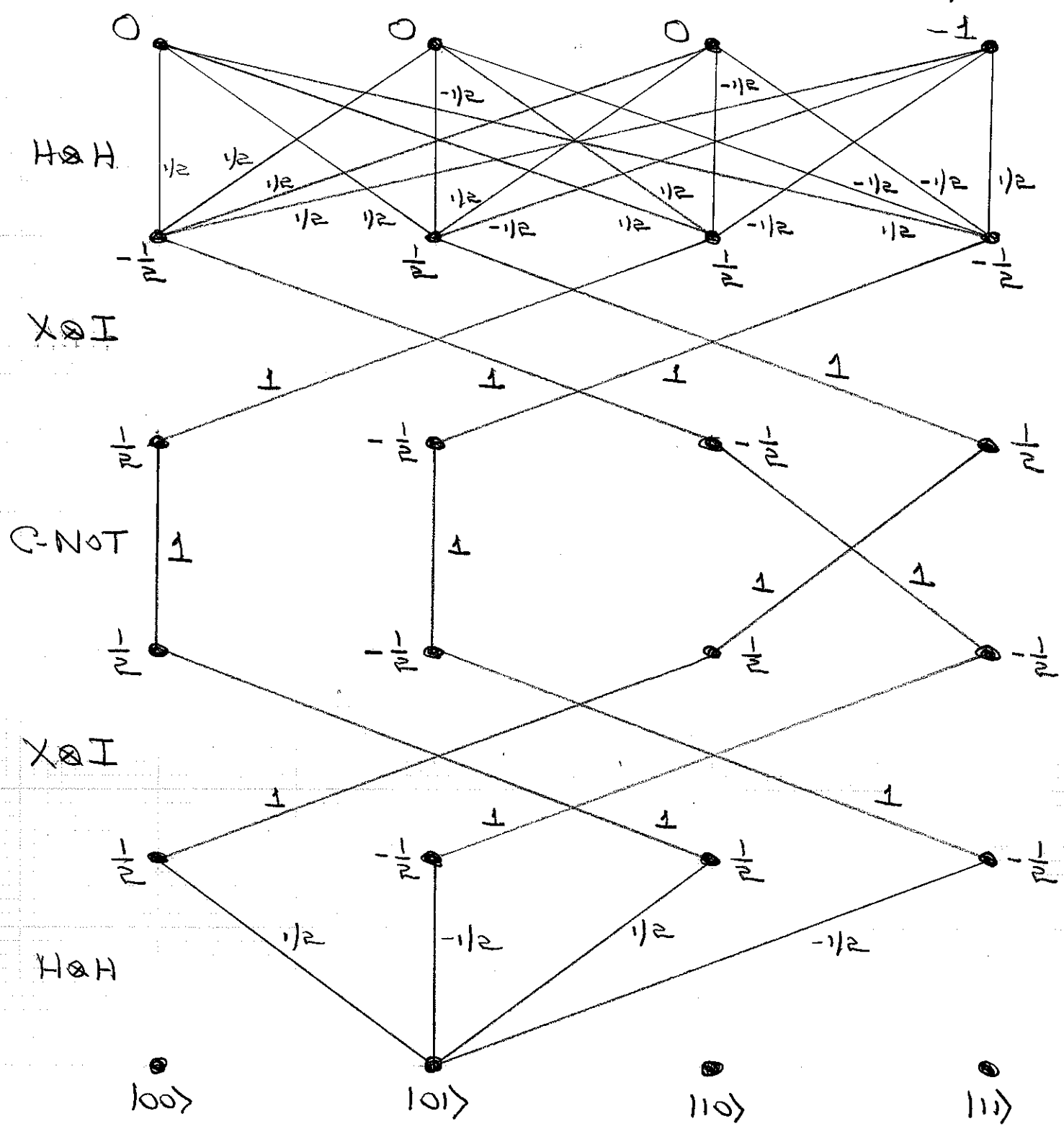
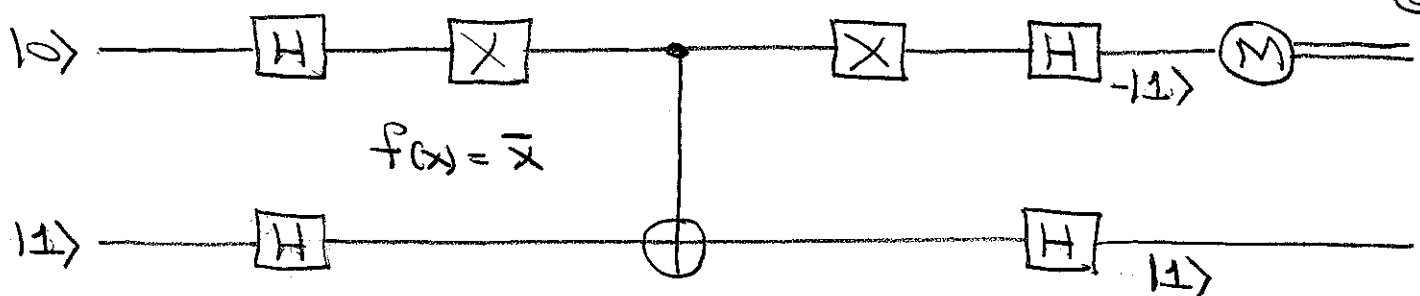
③



$$f(x) = 1$$

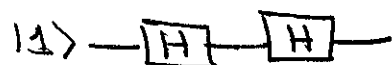
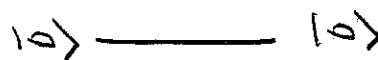






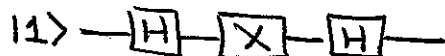
Use $H^2 = I$

(c) $f(x) = 0$

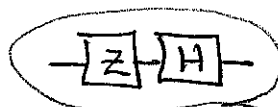
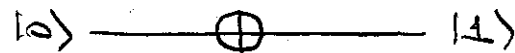
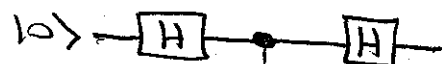
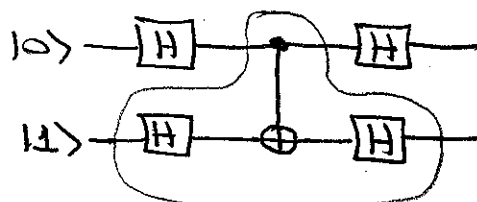


Use $H^2 = I$ and $HXH = Z$

$f(x) = 1$



$f(x) = x$



$f(x) = \bar{x}$

