

Physics 405
Problem Set #11: DUE Friday, 4/28/2009
Read Griffiths Chap. 5

Problem 1:

(a) Find the magnetic field a distance z above the center a square loop (length of side of the square is s) carrying constant current I .

(Hint: Use the principle of superposition to add the magnetic field vector contributions from each side of the loop; these are finite straight line-currents for which we derived the magnetic field in class)

(b) Show that in the limit $z \gg s$, the magnetic field has the form

$$\mathbf{B}(z) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \left(\frac{2m}{z^3} \right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$

What is the magnetic moment m ?

Problem 2:

Consider coaxial cable consisting of a long solid conducting cylinder of radius a surrounded by a conducting cylindrical tube of radius b . A battery is connected, and the circuit is completed so that a current \mathbf{I} flows down the central cylinder and back on the surface of the outer tube.

(a) Find the magnetic field everywhere (assume the cylinders are essentially infinite in length, i.e. $L \gg a$, $L \gg b$)

(b) Sketch the magnitude of \mathbf{B} as function of r .

(c) Show that the boundary conditions on \mathbf{B} are satisfied at $r=b$.

Problem 3 Griffiths 5.14

Explain why your answer makes sense in the limit $a \rightarrow 0$, while $J(2a) \rightarrow K$ (a surface constant).